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II Semester B.B.A. Degree Examination, May/June - 2026

GENERAL ENGLISH-II

Edify - II

(SEP Scheme)

Paper : II



Time : 3 Hours

Maximum Marks : 80

Instructions to Candidates:

1. Answer all the Sections.
2. Mention the question numbers correctly.

SECTION - A**(Literary Component)****I. Answer any FIVE of the following in a sentence or two: (5×2=10)**

1. What does the “black-sailed unfamiliar” ship symbolise in “Next Please”?
2. What caused the nine athletes to stop running during the race in the poem “Nine Gold Medals”?
3. Why was Kashi desperate to sell his buffalo in the story “The Broker”?
4. Why did the narrator’s heart sink when the woman ordered caviar in “The Luncheon”?
5. What lies did Delia tell Joe about her work in the story “Service of Love”?
6. Name a few prominent personalities who visited the Dabbawalas.
7. What does the ‘HeForShe’ campaign stand for?

II. Answer any FOUR in about a page each: (4×5=20)

1. Discuss the significance of the title “Nine Gold Medals”.
2. Tansukh is a well-known broker in the cattle business. Elucidate.
3. Analyse the character of the woman in the story “The Luncheon”.
4. What are the challenges faced by the Dabbawalas?
5. Why does Emma Watson emphasize male participation in gender equality?

III. Answer any TWO in about two pages: (2×10=20)

1. The poem “Next Please” by Philip Larkin explores hope, expectation and disappointment. Discuss.
2. Discuss the statement, ‘Love and loyalty prompt one to make supreme sacrifices’ with reference to “A Service of Love”.
3. “Dabbawalas don’t just deliver tiffins; they deliver trust, every single day”. Elucidate.

[P.T.O.]



SECTION - B

(Language Component)

IV. Read the following passage and answer the following questions: (5×1=5)

Baba Amte, born in 1914, was a distinguished Indian social activist and humanitarian best known for his dedicated work with leprosy patients. Initially a lawyer, he abandoned his legal career to devote himself to the rehabilitation and empowerment of marginalised communities, particularly those suffering from leprosy - a group stigmatised and neglected by society. In 1949, he founded Anandwan, a self-sufficient community providing medical care, vocational training, and education to leprosy patients and other disabled individuals. His pioneering efforts helped transform societal attitudes about leprosy, emphasising dignity, self-reliance, and community living. Beyond healthcare, Baba Amte also engaged in environmental activism and social justice movements such as the Narmada Bachao Andolan, advocating for tribal rights and sustainable development. Throughout his life, Baba Amte received numerous accolades, including the Padma Shri, Padma Vibhushan, Ramon Magsaysay Award, and Gandhi Peace Prize, recognising his selfless service and visionary leadership. He extended his humanitarian efforts to tribal welfare by establishing projects like the Lok Biradari Prakalp for the Madia Gond tribe and continuously promoted principles of compassion, equality, and environmental conservation. His legacy is one of fearless dedication to uplifting the oppressed, challenging social stigma, and inspiring peaceful resistance for justice.

Questions:

1. Who is Baba Amte?
2. What profession did Baba Amte initially pursue before becoming a social activist?
3. What were the key features and goals of Anandwan?
4. Name two social or environmental movements with which Baba Amte was associated with.
5. List out the awards Baba Amte received in recognition of his work.

V. Correct the following sentences:

1. Slow and steady win the race.
2. Neither of the applicants are fully qualified.
3. One of the girls in the class own this book.
4. Thirty years are a very long time.
5. A mob have attacked the office.

VI. Rewrite the given paragraph in reported speech:

"I love reading books in the evening," said Anna.
"What are you reading today?" asked Ben.
"It's a mystery novel by Agatha Christie," replied Anna.
"Does it have a surprising ending?" inquired Ben.
"Yes, it keeps you guessing until the last page," she answered.



(5)

(5)



(3)

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- VII. 1. Add a suitable prefix/suffix to the following words:** (2)
- Communication.
 - Kind
- 2. Fill in the blanks with appropriate social media terms:** (2)
- A keyword or phrase preceded by # used to categories posts.....
 - Mentioning someone in a post by linking their profile.....
 - Expand FAQ. (1)

VIII. The following table shows the number of students who go abroad for further studies from 1990 to 1994. Answer the questions based on the given data: (5)

NUMBER OF STUDENTS WHO GO ABROAD FOR STUDIES

State/U.T	Year				
	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994
Maharashtra	732	840	900	920	925
Kerala	1035	940	1200	1400	1500
Karnataka	750	600	830	575	900
West Bengal	500	550	450	600	525
Delhi	1500	1625	1700	1475	1800
Andhra Pradesh	800	840	875	925	785
Total	5317	5395	5955	5895	6435



- Which of the given states has the highest number of students going abroad in the past five years?
- In the year 1992, _____ number of students have gone abroad from Delhi.
 - less
 - the lowest
 - the highest
- The students from West Bengal who have gone abroad are _____ than the students from Kerala in all the years.
 - More in number
 - Equal in number
 - Less in number
- Which of the following statements is NOT true in the following:
 - The number of students going abroad is more in the year 1994.
 - The highest number of students who have gone abroad in all the years is from Karnataka.
 - In the year 1990, the number of students going abroad from Delhi was three times more than West Bengal.
- This table represents a tendency of _____ in the total number of students going abroad.
 - sharp increase
 - gradual increase
 - slight decrease

(OR)

[P.T.O.]

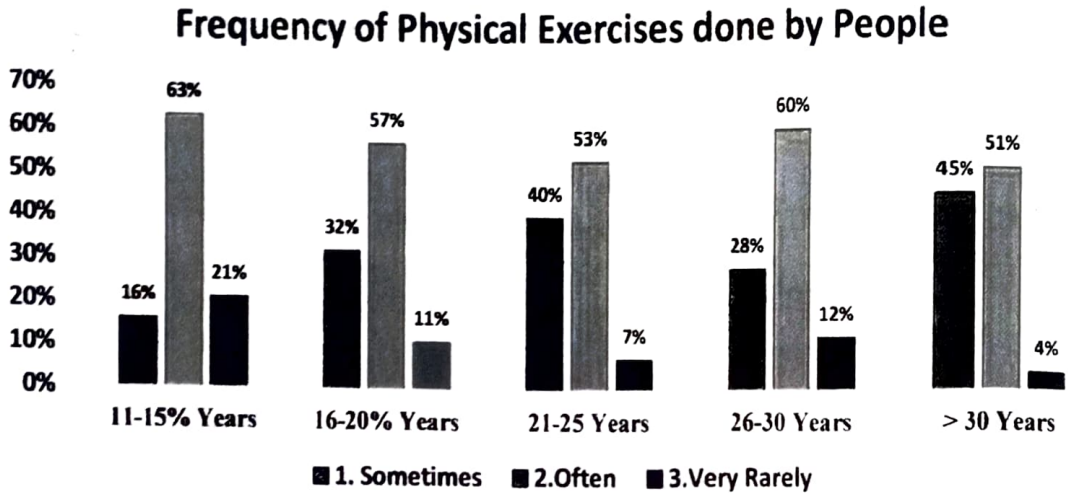


(4)

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Using the graphical representation given below, write a paragraph analysing the Frequency of Physical exercises of five different age groups of people.

Frequency of Physical Exercises done by People



IX. Write a paragraph of about 100-150 words on any ONE of the given topics: (5)

1. Importance of the internet in education.
2. Beauty of language classes.

